BEFORE THE 1 POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD 2 STATE OF WASHINGTON 3 IN THE MATTER OF A FLOOD CONTROL ZONE PERMIT DENIED TO 4 DONALD RAY FILLO BY THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY, 5 6 DONALD RAY FILLO, 7 PCHB No. 80-201 Appellant, 8 FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, v. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER 9 STATE OF WASHINGTON, DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY, 10 Respondent. 11

This matter, the appeal of the denial of a flood control zone permit, came before the Pollution Contol Hearings Board, Nat W.

Washington, Chairman, and David Akana, Member, convened at Lacey,

Washington, on February 4, 1981. Hearing Examiner William A. Harrison presided. Respondent elected a formal hearing pursuant to

43.21B.230. Appellant appeared and represented himself. Respondent appeared by Jeffrey D. Goltz, Assistant Attorney General. Reporter

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Kim Otis recorded the proceedings.

Witnesses were sworn and testifed. Exhibits were examined. From testimony heard and exhibits examined, the Pollution Control Hearings Board makes these

FINDINGS OF FACT

Ι

Appellant, Donald Ray Fillo, owns real property in Grays Harbor County abutting the Chehalis River. Specifically, his property is the infield created when the river bridged its own horse-shoe curve. Thus the east, north and west sides of the property abut a dry channel and the active channel of the river runs along the south side.

ΙI

Appellant's real property lies entirely within the boundaries of a State Flood Control Zone, namely, Chehalis Flood Control Zone No. 13.

III

Chehalis Flood Control Zone No. 13 was established by written order describing the lands included therein, entered on November 19, 1935.

ΙV

In 1977, the United States Army Corps of Engineers published a map establishing the 100-year cycle floodway and flood fringe lines along the Chehalis River at this and other locations.

v

Appellant's property is entirely within the lateral boundaries of the 100-year cycle floodway of the Chehalis River.

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER

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FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER

that access and homesite fill.

In 1980, the Washington Public Power Supply System (WPPSS)
rip-rapped the appellant's river bank abutting the active channel of
the river. This was apparently done to keep the river from meandering
away from water intakes serving the Satsop nuclear development. Soil
was removed to install the rip-rap and, with appellant's consent,
WPPSS deposited the soil on appellant's land creating an access road
and homesite above the prior level of the land. Respondent,
Department of Ecology (DOE) has issued no permit or order relating to

VII

In August, 1980, appellant sought from DOE a flood control zone permit to construct a single family home upon the WPPSS fill on his property in question. The home is intended for permanent occupancy. DOE denied the permit, from which appellant appeals.

VIII

Any Conclusion of Law which should be deemed a Finding of Fact is hereby adopted as such.

From these Findings, the Board makes these
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Т

In 1935, the legislature enacted chapter 86.16 RCW which provided for the designation of flood control zones such as the one involved here. The Department of Ecology promulgated WAC 508-60-040 which properly allows DOE to examine all applications for flood control zone

permits for construction upon the <u>floodway</u> to insure compliance with the following requirement:

(4) The structures or works are not designed for, or will not be used for either a) human habitation of a permanent nature... (emphasis added) WAC 508-60-040(4).

See Maple Leaf Investors v. DOE, 88 W.2d 726, 565 P. 2d 1162 (1977).

The floodway in DOE's regulation is the 100-year cycle floodway. WAC 508-60-030.

Appellant proposes a structure for human habitation of a permanent nature, and has not proven that it would be located outside the floodway. Appellant's application for a flood control zone permit was properly denied by DOE.

ΙI

We express no opinion as to the effect of building on an elevation of land above the surface of the 100-year flood waters as such an elevation was not proven to be present by appellant's evidence in this case. Neither do we express an opinion as to the legality of the WPPSS fill which is not the subject of the DOE order before use

III

Any Finding of Fact which should be deemed a Conclusion of Law is hereby adopted as such.

From these Conclusions, the Board enters this

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER

ORDER The denial of appellant's application for flood control zone permit by DOE is hereby affirmed. DONE at Lacey, Washington, this 23 day of February, 1981. POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD ö FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT,

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER